

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

For the three months ended October 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the three months ended October 31, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

The following is management's discussion and analysis – quarterly highlights ("MD&A") of the results of operations and financial condition of TDG Gold Corp. ("TDG" or the "Company") for the three months ended October 31, 2022 and up to the date of this MD&A, and has been prepared to provide material updates to the business operations, financial condition, liquidity and capital resources of the Company since its last management's discussion and analysis for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2022 (the "Annual MD&A").

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Annual MD&A and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2022, together with the notes thereto, and the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto for the three months ended October 31, 2022 (the "Financial Report").

All financial information in this MD&A is derived from the Company's financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and all dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The effective date of this MD&A is December 20, 2022.

Description of the Business

The Company is a publicly traded company incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the British Columbia Business Corporations Act on March 14, 2018. The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol TDG. The Company's head office and registered and records office address is Unit 1 – 15782 Marine Drive, White Rock, B.C. Canada V4B 1E6.

The Company is engaged in the identification, acquisition, exploration and, if warranted, development of mineral resource projects in British Columbia.

TDG is a major mineral claim holder in the Toodoggone Production Corridor of north-central British Columbia, Canada, with over 23,000 hectares of brownfield and greenfield exploration opportunities under direct ownership or earn-in agreement. TDG's flagship projects are the former producing, high-grade gold-silver Shasta, Baker and Mets mines, which are all road accessible, produced intermittently between 1981-2012, and have over 74,000 metres of historical and modern drilling.



Figure 1: Baker-Shasta Project Land Tenure

Exploration projects

Shasta Project

The Shasta mining lease was extended, with First Nations support, to 2050. The Shasta Project is located within the Shasta-Baker permitted mine area ("PMA") covers an exploration target area of 1,500 metres ("m") by 800 m. It was small-scale, high-grade underground and open pit mined intermittently from 1989-2012 and is road accessible with potential for year-round exploration. Silver and gold mineralization is hosted in multiphase quartz carbonate stockwork, veins and breccias.

In 2021, TDG completed 8,048 m of diamond drilling (over 90% oriented core) in 51 holes at the Shasta Project. All holes were drilled within the PMA and covered approximately 30% of the known mineralized target zones at Shasta.

On May 17, 2022, the Company announced an initial National Instrument 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate ("MRE") following the conclusion of its 2021 – Phase 1 drill program at its former producing Shasta gold-silver ("Au-Ag") mine. An updated technical report was filed on the Company's website and SEDAR on June 30, 2022.

Highlights:

- TDG presents the MRE for its former producing Shasta mine with an Inferred Resource of 709,200 troy ounces ("oz") of gold equivalent* ("AuEq") at 1.00 grams per tonne ("g/t") AuEq* grade [0.79 g/t Au, 26.7 g.t Ag]. *The resulting AuEq equation is: AuEq = Au + Ag*0.008
- The mineral resource is amenable to open pit mining with a strip ratio of the total resource pit of 4.7 (waste:mineralized material) and significant mineralization near surface.
- This mineral resource is restricted to the central zone of the Shasta deposit (see Figure 2) in which 2021 drillholes confirmed historical drill results and the location of historical drilling was verified (the southern Cayley-Ranier zone has not been included).

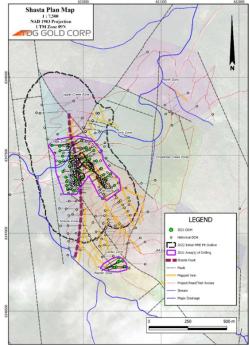


Figure 1: Shasta Plan Map with MRE Pit Outline.

Shasta Initial Mineral Resource Estimate

The Shasta project database consists of 333 drillholes with 12,007 m from 1983 through 2021. The MRE is based on drillholes from 2021 drilling and historical drilling surrounding the 2021 drilling in the central area of the deposit. The MRE database contains 236 drill holes and 13,875 m of assaying for Au and Ag within the domains and area used for estimation. Three domains were generated based on the major north-south Shasta fault system as well as the NW trending, sub-vertical JM Zone. The block model has a 5 m x 5 m x 5 m selective mining unit, with interpolation of gold and silver done by Inverse distance cubed (ID3). The interpolations were limited by the domain boundaries and were clipped to the overburden surface. Previous underground mining was removed from the resource. Blocks were assigned a classification of Inferred due to uncertainties in low bias of the 2021 assaying, based on Certified Reference Materials ("CRMs") analyses. The MRE has yet to be formally updated with the re-assay of the 2021 Au grades.

The base case cut-off grade within the "reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction" pit is 0.30 g/t AuEq, which covers the Processing + General and Administrative ("G&A") costs of \$17.00/tonne processed. At a 0.30 g/t AuEq cut-off, the Mineral Resource is estimated at 22 million tonnes ("Mt") at 1.00 g/t AuEq, 0.79 g/t Au, and 26.7 g/t Ag for a total of 709.2 thousand AuEq ounces. The Mineral Resource Estimate and sensitivity to cut-off grade is summarized in Table 1, below.

Table 1 – Mineral Resource Sensitivity (effective date of May 16, 2022)

	AuEq Cut-off	In Situ Tonnage and Grade					AuEq	"In situ" Strip Ratio
Class		Tonnage	AuEq	Au	Ag	NSR	Metal	Waste /
	(g/t)	(ktonnes)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(\$CDN)	(kOz)	Mineralized Material
Inferred	0.15	34,120	0.72	0.57	19.3	51.88	794.1	2.7
	0.2	29,418	0.81	0.64	21.6	58.17	767.7	3.3
	0.25	25,283	0.91	0.71	24.2	65.06	738.0	4.0
	0.3	22,011	1.00	0.79	26.7	71.83	709.2	4.7
	0.4	17,425	1.17	0.92	31.3	84.20	658.2	6.3
	0.5	14,120	1.35	1.06	35.7	96.41	610.7	8.0
	1	6,209	2.17	1.71	56.4	155.23	432.4	19.4

Notes to the MRE table:

- 1. The Mineral Resource estimate has been prepared by Sue Bird, P.Eng., an independent Qualified Person.
- 2. Resources are reported using the 2014 CIM Definition Standards and were estimated in accordance with the CIM 2019 Best Practices Guidelines.
- 3. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.
- 4. The Mineral Resource has been confined by a "reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction" pit using the following assumptions:
 - a. Au price of US\$1,800/oz, Ag price of US\$20/oz at an exchange rate of 0.75 US\$ per CDN\$;
 - b. 99.8% payable Au; 95.0% payable Ag; US\$4.25/oz Au and US\$1.53/oz Ag offsite costs (refining, transport, and insurance);
 - c. a 1.5% NSR royalty; and uses a 94.8% metallurgical recovery for Au and 77.2% recovery for Ag;
 - d. Mining costs of CDN\$2.56/tonne mineralized material, CDN\$2.40/tonne waste, CDN\$1.8/tonne overburden;
 - e. Processing Costs of CDN\$12/tonne and G&A of CDN\$5.00/tonne processed
 - f. Pit slopes of 45 degrees.
- 5. The resulting NSR equation is: NSR (CDN\$) = 75.67*AuGrade*0.948 + 0.74*AgGrade*0.772
- 6. The resulting AuEq equation is: $AuEq = Au + Ag^*0.008$
- 7. The bulk density of the deposit is based on 2021 measurements and is 2.61 throughout the deposit and 2.0 for overburden.
- 8. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

For the three months ended October 31, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

There are no other known factors or issues that materially affect the MRE other than normal risks faced by mining projects in the province of British Columbia, Canada, in terms of environmental, permitting, taxation, socio-economic, marketing, and political factors and additional risk factors as listed in the "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information" section below.

Shasta Re-assays from 2021 Exploration program

On August 29, 2022, the Company announced the completion of gold re-assays from the 2021 diamond drill program at its Shasta project. TDG's internal Quality Assurance/Quality Control ("QA/QC") program identified a potential low bias in the reported preliminary gold concentrations from TDG's 2021 diamond drill program at Shasta, assayed by SGS Canada Inc ("SGS"). After a thorough, collaborative investigation, SGS agreed to reanalyse all samples that initially reported greater than detection limit gold concentrations for fire assays. All 2021 re-assay results received have now passed SGS's internal QA/QC and TDG's internal QA/QC procedures.

Summary of results:

- Length weighted average Au grades across all re-assays increased by 8.9%.
- Length weighted average Au grades for re-assays > 1 gram per tonne ("g/t") increased by 11.4%.
- Length weighted average Au grades for re-assays > 2 g/t increased by 12.1%.

The finalised results will be incorporated into an updated NI 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Shasta project which TDG anticipates publishing in early 2023.

Shasta 2022 Exploration program

In July 2022, the Company commenced its 2022 field program and planned to diamond drill up to 5,000 m of HQ sized oriented core with the focus on testing the extensions of known mineralization. In addition, TDG began field mapping and sampling targets along strike with Shasta which share common structural and geological characteristics of Shasta.

On September 13, 2022, TDG provided an update on the program with the following highlights:

- 3,494 m of oriented HQ diamond drilling completed at Shasta as of September 8, 2022, in 15 drillholes. Core from 10 drillholes have been submitted to an ISO/EIC certified laboratory for precious metal and multi-element assay, with preliminary results expected by mid-late October.
- Two structural drillholes completed between the JM and Cayley-Rainier zones with further drillholes to be planned subject to preliminary results.
- All work underway remains on time and budget with Stage One drilling (4,000-4,500 m) of the
 current program at Shasta expected to be completed by end-September to mid-October. Stage
 Two drilling (1,500-2,500 m) is fully funded and will be subject to exploration progress at TDG's
 other projects, weather, preliminary results and wider market conditions.
- Geophysics, soil sampling and mapping work completed at other Shasta targets located within the broader "Shasta Mine Complex". This has included over 100 line km of ground magnetic and Very Low Frequency ("VLF") surveys completed across Shasta, Shasta South and the Newberry target located approximately 1,500 metres to the north of Shasta.

On October 17, 2022, the Company announces the results and interpretation from the ~100 line km of high-resolution ground-based magnetics and VLF survey work. The results suggest multiple, strong structural anomalies contained within a ~4 km x ~3 km area surrounding the Shasta project. The anomalies coalesce into clearly defined target zones including the recently renamed "Cody Lee" and "Fisher" Zones which are both located to the east of the Shasta project; and the previously reported Newberry Prospect located ~1.5 km north of the Shasta project. This work represents TDG's next step towards identifying priority drill targets for 2023, as well as determining the ultimate potential of the Shasta project; and if indeed the Shasta project is actually part of a bigger related mineralized system.

For the three months ended October 31, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

In November 2022, the Company announced the completion of its 2022 exploration program which included Phase II diamond drilling at its former producing, mineral resource stage gold-silver Shasta Mine.

The Phase II drill program completed at Shasta consisted of 5,070 m of oriented HQ diamond drilling in a total of 21 drillholes. Core from all drillholes has been submitted to an ISO certified laboratory for precious metal and multi-element assay, with preliminary results expected from early December. Final assay results are expected before the end of February 2023.

Drilling at Shasta encountered expected geological rock types and alteration assemblages based on the current resource model developed for Shasta by Moose Mountain Technical Services:

- Drillhole SH22-071b was drilled in the northern portion of the Creek Zone, to test the potential
 extension of the northerly plunge to the Shasta ore body and encountered strong alteration from
 the expected downhole depth that appears in core and appears to continue much deeper than
 anticipated.
- Drillhole SH22-069 was drilled to test the potential eastern extension of the JM Zone at Shasta to
 the east and at depth. The drillhole encountered strongly veined and brecciated alteration from 140
 m downhole depth with textures and visible acanthite characteristic of mineralization seen in the
 Cayley-Rainier Zone located ~400 m to the south of Shasta.

TDG has collected approximately 850 soil samples across the Shasta Mine Complex aimed at validating and filling in gaps from historical soil sampling programs for which TDG has recompiled the data. All soil samples have been submitted to an ISO certified laboratory for precious metal and multi-element assay, with preliminary results expected in late January 2023.

TDG is in the process of setting up a core storage facility at Prince George to enable technical analysis to continue over winter – including next stage metallurgical analysis. Baker Camp has been winterized for the season. In 2022, the Company completed a property wide airborne hyperspectral survey to assist with target generation. Results are pending.

Baker Project

The Baker mining lease was extended, with First Nations support, to 2051. The Baker Project is located within the Shasta-Baker PMA and covers an exploration target area of 5.1 km by 1.9 km. It was small-scale, high-grade open pit and underground mined intermittently from 1981-1997 and is road accessible with potential for year-round exploration. A published 1986 CIM Bulletin reports Baker being mined at ~30 g/t gold using a 12 g/t silver cut-off grade. Silver and gold mineralization is hosted principally within milky quartz veins associated with pyrite, sphalerite, galena and chalcopyrite.

TDG has recompiled over 30,000 m of historical diamond drilling at Baker. The controls of the Baker deposit are only partially understood. TDG is developing a new geologic model involving a gold-copper porphyritic overprint to explore a potential proximal porphyry centre on the Baker land package, driving the hydrothermal fluid flow and mineralization at Baker. In 2023, TDG proposes to test the new geologic model including geophysics and potentially drilling, results dependant. In 2022, the Company completed a property wide airborne hyperspectral survey to assist with target generation. Results are pending.

Mets Project

On January 20, 2022, the Company announced the results of the 2021 exploration program at its former producing high-grade gold Mets mining lease located in the road accessible Toodoggone Production Corridor of north-central, B.C. Highlights include grab samples yielding 32.90 g/t gold and 27.61 g/t silver collected from locations of known historical drill collars. TDG's Mets mining lease consists of 200 hectares located 23 km by road from TDG's Baker project. A summary of historical exploration work completed at Mets was published by TDG in its news release dated May 19, 2021. TDG has recompiled 7,944 m of diamond drilling of the 8,784 m reported to have been drilled historically, along with review of the 2,622 m of historical trenching. Historical drill highlights include DDH MT86-08 which intersected 25.9 m of 9.52 g/t gold and MT86-05 intersecting 46.4 m of 3.57 g/t gold (including 11.8 m of 13.93 g/t gold).

Using GEMS Overhauser 19W magnetometer units, a total of 25 line-km of ground-based magnetometer surveys were completed in 2021 on Mets. Magnetic data imagery highlighted several trends, interpreted by Company geologists to coincide with the historically trenched and drilled tested mineralization trend, defined by quartz ± quartz-barite veining, is part of a gold-silver bearing low sulphidation epithermal vein. Historical trenching and drilling coincide with the A-Zone / Mets Structure. The structure is characterized as a magnetic low lineament in the 2021 magnetic survey.

In July 2022, TDG contracted John Geoscience Ltd. to perform drone survey work on the Mets project to create a Digital Terrain Model ("DTM") and orthophotography to support potential resource modelling. In August 2022, TDG's resource consultant and VP Exploration visited the Mets project to validate the historical collar locations, satisfying the site visit by QP, also in support of potential resource modelling. In October 2022, the Company received a 30-year extension of the Mets mining lease. TDG also received a notice of work authorizing diamond drilling and further exploration activities. In 2022, the Company completed a property wide airborne hyperspectral survey to assist with target generation. Results are pending.

Bot Project

On March 10, 2022, the Company announced the completion of a property-wide airborne magnetic survey, data compilation and the delineation of exploration targets at its 100% owned BOT project, in the Toodoggone District, B.C. The Bot project consists of over 8,600 hectares located approximately 40 km north of TDG's Baker-Shasta gold and silver project, adjacent to Evergold Corp.'s ("Evergold") Golden Lion project in the Toodoggone District of north-central B.C. In 2021, Evergold drilled and discovered the 'GL1 Main' Zone, which carried high-grade gold-silver and appreciable concentrations of base metal. Bot covers a relatively underexplored portion of the Toodoggone, has never been drilled, and presents a high-calibre, frontier-level project for TDG with copper and gold-silver potential. It further augments TDG's portfolio of assets. Bot is host to numerous previously identified precious and base metal mineral showings. Evidence of hydrothermal alteration at Bot is observed in surficial gossans. These gossans have anomalous supporting precious and base metal concentrations in geochemical sampling completed to date. TDG's technical team has completed the re-assembly and analysis of historical reports and data that detail the exploration history at Bot from 1969 to present. In combination with the 2021 survey work, TDG now has access to 1,459 line-km of high-resolution airborne magnetic and radiometric surveys.

A property-scale airborne hyperspectral survey has been completed as the initial follow up of the data compilation by company geologists, to aid in vectoring using clay speciation and alteration mineral trends. 60 line-km of high-resolution deep Induced Polarization ("IP") surveys are also planned on east-west trending survey lines over Moose hydrothermal system to test chargeability to depth. A three-year MYAB (Multi Year Area Based) notice of work permit application was granted November 2022.

For the three months ended October 31, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

Oxide Peak Option Property

Oxide Peak is located in the Toodoggone District, B.C. contiguous to the north of TDG's Baker-Shasta gold-silver project. The project was added to TDG's portfolio of Toodoggone assets in 2019 through an option and joint venture agreement signed with ArcWest Exploration Inc. Completion of the proposed exploration activities in 2022 will result in TDG achieving 60% ownership of Oxide Peak.

On September 8, 2022, TDG commenced drilling on the Oxide Peak project, in the Oxide Creek Target #1. This target was generated by a follow up from a 2020 IP survey which delimited a chargeability high anomaly that suggested to persist at depth, with coincident magnetic anomaly defined by a 2020 airborne geophysics survey, which may suggest intrusive rocks. In addition, the geology suggests a multi-phase intrusion cross cut by monzonite porphyry dykes, Quartz-Sericite-Pyrite ("QSP") alteration along exposures, coincident soil geochemistry anomaly and visual iron-oxide gossan zone. This made an intriguing target for drill testing in 2022.

TDG drilled two HQ sized diamond drill holes (reduced to NQ size, at depth) into the target, totaling 1,021.5 m of drilling. The drillholes were drilled at -45° and -60° to provide added dimensionality to understand the attitude of the structures and intrusive contacts. Both drillholes intersected strongly broken, altered volcanic rocks with a sulphide assemblage of pyrite, chalcocite, containing appreciable magnetite at the top of the hole, persisting to a depth of approximately 120 m. The remaining drillhole length can be summarized by felsic to intermediate volcanic rocks, intruded by a coarse grained plagioclase-biotite porphyritic dyke(s) containing pyrite/magnetite. The volcanic rocks nearest the bottom of the hole displayed slight to moderate QSP alteration, with appreciable pyrite.

Drilling of 1,021.5 m was completed on October 13, 2022, and drill cores have been sent to an ISO certified lab for precious metal, base metal and exploration grade multi-element geochemical analysis. TDG awaits assays to aid with vectoring and targeting for 2023. In 2022, the Company completed a property wide airborne hyperspectral survey to assist with target generation. Results are pending.

On December 8, 2022, the Company provided ArcWest notice that the Company had met the terms of the First Option, and further that the Company was electing not to earn an additional 20% interest for a total 80% interest (the "Second Option"). Pursuant to the agreement, ArcWest has 21 days to transfer a 60% beneficial interest in the property in favour of TDG.

Qualified Person

The technical content in this MD&A has been reviewed and approved by Steven Kramar, MSc., P.Geo., a qualified person as defined by National Instrument 43-101.

COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. Although it is not possible for the Company to fully predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effects on the Company's business operations, to date the Company has been able to raise equity and explore its exploration projects in British Columbia.

Trends

The Company is an exploration company. At this time, issues of seasonality or market fluctuations have had a minor impact on the expenditure patterns. The Company expenses its exploration, project investigation and general and administration costs, and these amounts are included in the net income (loss) for each quarter. The Company's treasury, in part, determines the levels of exploration.

The level of the Company's exploration and evaluation expenditures is largely determined by the strength of resource capital and commodity markets and its ability to obtain investor support for its projects.

Financial Condition and Results of Operations - three months ended October 31, 2022

The consolidated loss for the three months ended October 31, 2022 was \$3,309,242 compared to \$3,735,114 for the three months ended October 31, 2021.

The significant changes between the current period and the comparative period are discussed below.

Salaries & benefits / consulting fees for the three months ended October 31, 2022 totalled \$100,298 compared to \$90,000 in the prior period and were primarily related to the following:

- \$64,620 (2021 \$60,000) paid to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- \$30,000 (2021 \$30,000) paid to Golden Oak Corporate Services Ltd. ("Golden Oak"), a consulting company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer and the Corporate Secretary of the Company.

Directors' fees for the three months ended October 31, 2022 totalled \$48,770 compared to \$Nil in the prior period. Effective July 1, 2022, the Company began paying the Company's independent directors fees.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures for the three months ended October 31, 2022 totalled \$4,115,939 (2021 - \$4,304,264) and relate to exploration work on the Company's Baker-Shasta and Oxide Peak projects as described above.

During the three months ended October 31, 2022, the Company spent \$4,113,577 of flow-through funds and recorded a flow-through premium recovery of \$1,199,115 on the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company began the current fiscal period with cash of \$6,961,007. During the three months ended October 31, 2022, the Company spent \$5,441,472 on operating activities, net of working capital changes, received \$119,884 on investing activities, and spent \$8,400 on financing activities, to end at October 31, 2022 with a cash balance of \$1,631,019.

As at October 31, 2022, the Company had working capital of \$1,242,430. Management estimates that these funds may not provide the Company with sufficient financial resources to carry out currently planned exploration and operations through the next twelve months. Additional financing may be required by the Company to complete its strategic objectives and continue as a going concern. While the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms acceptable to the Company. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Related Party Transactions

The Company had no other related party transactions other than those incurred in the normal course of business as disclosed in the Financial Report.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

The components of exploration and evaluation assets are described in Note 8 to the Financial Report.

Outstanding Share Data as at the date of this MD&A

Authorized: an unlimited number of common shares without par value

	Common Shares Issued and Outstanding	Share Purchase Warrants	Stock Options
Balance as at October 31, 2022	96,343,142	14,459,675	6,119,168
Balance as at the date of this MD&A	96,343,142	14,459,675	6,119,168

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements

This MD&A may include or incorporate by reference certain statements or disclosures that constitute "forward-looking information" under applicable securities laws. All information, other than statements of historical fact, included or incorporated by reference in this MD&A that address activities, events or developments that the Company or its management expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future constitute forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is provided through statements that are not historical facts and are generally, but not always, identified by the words "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "projects", "potential" and similar expressions, or that events or conditions "will", "would", "may", "could" or "should" occur or continue. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by the Company and its management in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors it believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

Although the Company believes such forward-looking information and the expectations expressed in them are based on reasonable assumptions, investors are cautioned that any such information and statements are not guarantees of future realities and actual realities or developments may differ materially from those projected in forward-looking information and statements. Whether actual results will conform to the expectations of the Company is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including those risk factors discussed under "Risk Management" in the above documents incorporated herein by reference. In particular, if any of the risk factors materialize, the expectations, and the predictions based on them, of the Company may need to be re-evaluated. Consequently, all of the forward-looking information in this MD&A and the documents incorporated herein by reference is expressly qualified by these cautionary statements and other cautionary statements or factors contained herein or in documents incorporated by reference herein, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by the Company will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences for the Company.

Forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, estimates and opinions of the Company's management on the date the statements are made. Unless otherwise required by law, the Company expressly disclaims any intention and assumes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements in the event that management's beliefs, estimates or opinions, or other factors, should change, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, and the Company does not have any policies or procedures in place concerning the updating of forward-looking information other than those required under applicable securities laws. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or forward-looking information.

Other Information

Additional information relating to the Company is available for viewing on the Company's web site at www.tdggold.com.